

Learn more about the benefits of inclusive higher education!

- Work related benefits include greater work obtainment, higher wages, and increased job diversity
 - Grigal, M., & Dwyre, A. (2010). Employment Activities and Outcomes of College-Based Transition Programs for Students with Intellectual Disabilities. Think College Insight Brief, Issue No. 3. Boston, MA: Institute for Community Inclusion, University of Massachusetts Boston.
 - Migliore, A., Butterworth, J., Hart, D (2009). Fast Facts (1) "Postsecondary Education and Employment Outcomes for Youth with Intellectual Disabilities." Think College
 - Moore, E. J., & Schelling, A. (2015). Postsecondary inclusion for individuals with an intellectual disability and its effects on employment. Journal of Intellectual Disabilities, 19(2), 130-148. doi:10.1177/1744629514564448
 - Papay, C., Trivedi, K., Smith, F., and Grigal, M. (2017). One Year After Exit: A
 First Look at Outcomes of Students who Completed TPSIDs. Think College Fast
 Facts, Issue No. 17. Boston, MA: University of Massachusetts Boston, Institute
 for Community Inclusion
- Relationship benefits include having more friends to talk to and more opportunities to help someone else
 - Butler, L. N., Sheppard-Jones, K., Whaley, B., Harrison, B., & Osness, M. (2016).
 Does participation in higher education make a difference in life outcomes for students with intellectual disability? Journal of Vocational Rehabilitation, 44(3), 295-298. doi:10.3233/jvr-160804
- When it comes to independent living, individuals with intellectual disabilities who complete college pathways are more likely to live on their own and rent their own home
 - Ross, J., Marcell, J., Williams, P., & Carlson, D. (2013). Postsecondary Education Employment and Independent Living Outcomes of Persons with Autism and Intellectual Disability. Journal of Postsecondary Education And Disability, 26(4), 337-351

Many other benefits exist! Check out ThinkCollege.org to learn more.